

SES'S L.S. RAHEJA COLLEGE OF ARTS AND COMMERCE

Course: Business Mathematics

Unit: Unit 1 & 2

Prepared by: Asst. Prof. Mehul Barai

1. A person bought 2 purses at Rs 500 each. He sold one at 10% profit and the other 2 % loss. Find his total percentage of gain or loss.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{N.S.P. of the first purse} &= \frac{(100+p\%)}{100} * c.p. \\ &= \frac{(100+10)}{100} * 500 \\ &= \text{Rs.550.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{N.S.P. of the second purse} &= \frac{(100-l\%)}{100} * 500 \\ &= \frac{(100-2)}{100} * 500 \\ &= \text{Rs 490.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Profit} &= \text{Total N.S.P.} - \text{Total C.P.} \\ &= 1040 - 1000 = \text{Rs 40} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P\% &= \frac{\text{total profit}}{\text{total c.p.}} * 100 \\ &= \frac{4}{1000} * 100 = 4\%. \end{aligned}$$

2. A person sold 2 necklaces for Rs 990 each and thus earned a 10% profit on one and incurred a 10% loss on the other. Find total percentage profit or loss.
3. A and B are partners sharing profit in the ratio 3:7. they admit C, giving him $\frac{3}{13}$ th share in the total profit. In what ratio will A, B and C share the total profit?

$$C's \text{ share} = \frac{3}{13} * \text{total profit}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Remaining Profit} &= (\text{Total Profit}) - \frac{3}{13} (\text{Total profit}) \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{3}{13}\right) (\text{total profit}) \\ &= \frac{10}{13} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A's \text{ share} &= \frac{3}{10} * \text{remaining profit} \\ &= \frac{3}{10} * \frac{10}{13} (\text{Total profit}) \\ &= \frac{3}{13} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B's \text{ share} &= \frac{7}{10} * \text{remaining profit} \\ &= \frac{7}{10} * \frac{10}{13} (\text{Total profit}) \\ &= \frac{7}{13} \end{aligned}$$

A, B and C will share the total profit in the ratio 3:7:3.

4. A and B are partners sharing profit in the ratio 4: 5. they admit C, giving him $\frac{1}{10}$ th share in the total profit. In what ratio will A, B and C share the total profit?
5. A, B and C invested Rs 50000, and Rs 40000 and Rs 90000 respectively in a business. At the end of the year, A received Rs 8000 as his share in the profit. Find the total profit. Also find B's and C's share of profit.

Profit sharing ratio 5:4:9.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A's share} &= \frac{5}{18} * \text{Total Profit} = 8000 \\ &= \frac{18}{5} * 8000 = \text{Rs } 28,800 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{B's share} = \frac{4}{18} * 28800 = \text{Rs } 6,400$$

$$\text{C's share} = \frac{9}{18} * 28800 = \text{Rs } 14,400$$

6. A, B and C invested Rs 70000, and Rs 50000 and Rs 80000 respectively in a business. At the end of the year, C received Rs 16000 as his share in the profit. Find the total profit. Also find B's and A's share of profit.
7. A firm allows a trade discount of 30% on the list price and further discount of 2% on cash payment. Find the cost price of an item, which is marked at rupees 4000/-and is sold with a profit, at the rate of 37.2%.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I.P.} &= \frac{(100 - T.D.\%)}{100} * \text{L.P.} \\ &= \frac{(100 - 30)}{100} * 4000 \\ &= 2800 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{N.S.P.} &= \frac{(100 - C.D.\%)}{100} * \text{I.P.} \\ &= \frac{(100 - 2)}{100} * 2800 \\ &= 2744 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{N.S.P.} &= \frac{(100 + P\%)}{100} * \text{c.p.} \\ 2744 &= \frac{(100 + 37.2)}{100} * \text{c.p.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c.p.} = \text{Rs } 2000.$$

8. A firm allows a trade discount of 25% on the list price and further discount of 4% on cash payment. Find the cost price of an item, which is marked at rupees 830/-and is sold with a profit, at the rate of 19.52%.

I have done one sum of each type and given one sum as an assignment. Answer for the above assignment will be given in next Tutorial lesson.