## SES'S L.S.RAHEJA COLLEGE OF ARTS AND COMMERCE Course: Quantitative Methods - II Unit: 3 sem II Prepared by: Asst. Prof. Mehul Barai. 1. FIND INVERSE BY PIVOTAL REDUCTION METHOD 4 0 1 -1 2 2 0 0 2 |A| = 1(2) - 4(-2)= 10 ≠ 0 $A A^{-1} = I$ 0 0 1 1 4 0 $0 \quad 6 \quad 2 \quad A^{-1} = 1 \quad 1 \quad 0$ $R_2 + R_1$ , $R_3/2$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 0 0 0 0 1 $A^{-1} = \frac{\frac{2}{6}}{\frac{1}{6}}$ $\frac{-4}{6}$ 0 1 0 -4/3 $\frac{1}{3}$ 0 R2/6, R1-4R2, 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 2/6 -4/6 4/6 1 0 0 -1/6 R<sub>2</sub>-1/3R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>1</sub>+4/3R<sub>3</sub> $A^{-1} = 1/6 \quad 1/6$ 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1/22/6 -4/6 4/6 -1/6. $A^{-1} = 1/6 \quad 1/6$ 0 0 1/2

SOLVE FOLLOWING BY YOUR SELF WITH SAME AS ABOVE METHOD

